Procedural Sedation & Analgesia in ED (translated from Dutch)

Date:				Specialty:					
Sedating doctor:				Title:	EM	EM Resident EP			
Procedural doctor:				Procedure:					
Patient	-				- -				
ID nr					w	veight	kg	height	cm
Date of birth				M/F	Past Medical H	istory			
Allergies					Medic	ation			
Last intake	Food	:	hr				Clear fluid	s:hr	
ASA classification	I	II		IV	difficult mask ve	entilatio	on score	0-1	≥2

Medication		drug	route	dose		
sedative				1st dosemg	totalmg	
analgesic				total	mg / mcg	
co-medication						
O ₂ delivery	None	Nasal 2-4L	NRM	15L Other:		

Vital s	igns		Adverse events →	Intervention				
Start Tin	ne =	: (givin	ig seda	hospital admission due to PSA				
Depth of sedation minimal moderate deep general						aspiration	aspiration	
Ketamine sedation score non dissociative dissociative				agitation	agitation			
Time	-5	0	5	10	15	20	airway obstruction	
RR							apnoea>20s	
Sat%							sat < 90% >60s	
BP				syst < 90 mmHg	syst < 90 mmHg			
HR							HR < 50 /min	
End Time = :							other:	

Possible interventions: Tactile stimulation O2 Airway Manoeuvres Ventilation Intubation Medication

Patient comfort		Procedure		
NRS max during PSA	(0-10)	Success of procedure	yes / no	
Amnesia	yes/ no	Difficulty procedure	easy / normal / difficult	

Remarks (always describe intervention after an adverse event, as well as severity)

ASA classification

- I Normal healthy patient
- II Patients with mild systemic disease (e.g. well controlled hypertension, DM)
- III Patients with severe systemic disease that is limiting but not incapacitating (e.g. angina, poorly controlled DM)
- IV Patients with incapacitating disease which is a constant threat to life (e.g. cardiac failure, end stage kidney failure)
- V mordibund patients not expected to live more than 24 hours

Depth of sedation

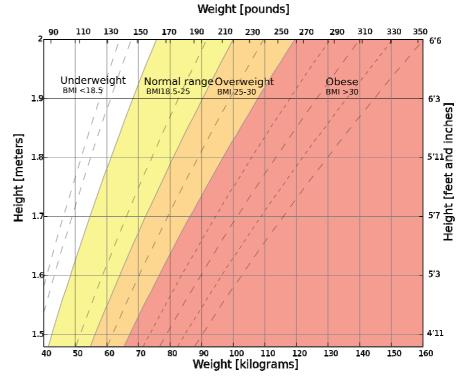
Minimal	anxiolysis, normal response to verbal stimulation.
moderate	conscious sedation, purposeful response to verbal or tactile stimulation
deep	purposeful response to repeated or painful stimuli*
general	unarousable

* reflex withdrawal from a painful stimuli is NOT considered a purposeful response

Difficult mask ventilation

Body Mass Index

beard	1
BMI > 26	1
No teeth	1
age > 55	1
snoring	1
Low risk	0-1
High risk	≥2



End time – discharge criteria

adults	children				
level of consciousness as before sedation	Can talk (conform age)				
Can eat and drink, no nausea, pain well under control	Can sit (conform age)				
Vital signs stable (breathing, circulation)					
Minimum of 2 hours after administration of a reversal agent					